SAFETY DATA SHEET Tungsten Halogen Lamps



SYLVANIA brand Tungsten Halogen Lamps, manufactured by LEDVANCE, LLC, are exempted from the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) because they are "articles." The following information is provided by LEDVANCE, LLC as a courtesy to its customers.

NIA Halogen Lamps, SYLVANIA Capsylite [®] Halogen Lamps, NIA Halogen Super Saver [®] sheet covers the following general lighting halogen lamp types: MB, IR, G, PAR14, PAR16, PAR20, PAR30, and PAR38 lamps. NCE, LLC rone Pike s, KY 40383 7351
IR, G, PAR14, PAR16, PAR20, PAR30, and PAR38 lamps. NCE, LLC rone Pike s, KY 40383
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Warning!

THERE ARE NO KNOWN HEALTH HAZARDS FROM EXPOSURE TO LAMPS THAT ARE INTACT.

Warning! All tungsten halogen lamps operate at higher temperatures than standard incandescent lamps; some as high as 1832^0 F (1000^0 C). Burns may occur if lamps are not handled properly. Caution must be used when replacing lamps. Allow enough time for lamp to cool before attempting replacement.

If irritation persists: get medical attention.

Warning! Some tungsten halogen lamps are at high pressure at all times and may react explosively and unexpectedly shatter.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Care must be taken to read and follow the directions and warnings accompanying the specific product to avoid personal injury and/or property damage.

Warning! Some tungsten halogen lamps produce UV (ultraviolet) radiation that can cause skin burns and/or eye injury if not properly shielded.

If irritation persists: get medical attention.

Storage: Store in well-ventilated place.

Consult the SYLVANIA product catalog or relevant technical data sheets for complete warnings, operating and installation guides for specific lamp types.

III. COMPOSITION – INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

There are no known health hazards from exposure to lamps that are intact.

Materials listed on this data sheet are contained in varying percentages in this product. Exact percentages are proprietary and will not be disclosed other than as required in accordance with the regulations.

If a lamp is broken, some of the following materials may be released:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	% by weight
Hydrogen Bromide Tungsten	10035-10-6 7440-33-7	
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	
Glass (Alkaline Earth		
Aluminosilicate)		
Quartz, Fused	60676-86-0	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	
Copper (as dust)	7440-50-8	
Glass (Alkaline Earth Borosilicate)		

<u>NIOSH/OSHA Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards and/or NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical</u> <u>Hazards lists the following effects of overexposure to the chemicals/materials tabulated below when they are</u> inhaled, ingested, or contacted with skin or eye:

<u>Glass</u> - Glass dust is considered to be physiologically inert and as such has an OSHA exposure limit of 15 mg/M3 for total dust and 5 mg/M3 for respirable dust. The ACGIH TLVs for particulates not otherwise classified are 10 mg/M3 for total dust and 3 mg/M3 for respirable dust.

<u>Copper</u> - Inhalation of fumes can cause "Metal Fume Fever" with symptoms of chills, fever, nausea, cough, dry throat, weakness, muscle aches, and a sweet metallic taste in the mouth. Contact may cause machanical irritation of the skin and eyes. Ingestion may cause irritation to the stomach lining or intestines.

<u>Quartz, Fused -</u> Fibrosis of the lungs causing shortness of breath and coughing has been associated with silica exposure.

<u>Tungsten -</u> Inhalation of dust may cause mild irritation of nose and throat. Contact may cause mechanical irritation of skin and eyes.

<u>Molybdenum -</u>Oxides have caused irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat; weight loss and digestive disturbances in experimental animals.

All other components of this product do not pose a significant risk of respiratory and/or physical effects.

IV. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

<u>Glass Cuts:</u> Perform normal first aid procedures. Seek medical attention as required. <u>Inhalation:</u> If discomfort or irritation to the nose and throat develop, remove from exposure and seek medical attention as needed. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration; keep affected person warm and at rest; get medical attention as soon as possible.

<u>Ingestion</u>: In the unlikely event of ingesting a large quantity of material, seek medical attention immediately. <u>Contact, Skin</u>: Thoroughly wash affected area with mild soap or detergent and water and prevent further contact. Seek medical attention as needed.

<u>Contact, Eye:</u> Wash eyes, including under eyelids, immediately with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

V. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES:

Flammability: Non-combustible

Fire Extinguishing Materials: Use extinguishing agents suitable for surrounding fire.

<u>Special Firefighting Procedure:</u> Use a self-contained breathing apparatus to prevent inhalation of dust and/or fumes that may be generated from broken lamps during firefighting activities.

<u>Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:</u> When exposed to high temperature, toxic fumes may be released from broken lamps.

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

ONLY APPLICABLE FOR BROKEN LAMPS

<u>Ventilation</u>: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the PEL or TLV limits. If such ventilation is unavailable, use respirators as specified below.

<u>Respiratory protection</u>: Use appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne dust concentrations exceed the pertinent PEL or TLV limits. All appropriate requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.134 should be met. <u>Eve protection</u>: OSHA specified safety glasses, goggles or face shield are recommended if lamps are being broken.

<u>Protective clothing</u>: OSHA specified cut and puncture-resistant gloves are recommended for dealing with broken lamps.

<u>Hygienic practices</u>: After handling broken lamps, wash hands and face thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or handling tobacco products, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities.

VII. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION - FOR BROKEN LAMPS

ONLY APPLICABLE FOR BROKEN LAMPS

<u>Ventilation</u>: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the PEL or TLV limits. If such ventilation is unavailable, use respirators as specified below.

<u>Respiratory Protection</u>: Use appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne dust concentrations exceed the pertinent PEL or TLV limits. All appropriate requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.134 should be met.

<u>Eye Protection</u>: OSHA specified safety glasses, goggles or face shield are recommended if lamps are being broken. To avoid exposure to ultraviolet radiation, use only in enclosed equipment designed for this lamp type.

<u>Protective Clothing</u>: OSHA specified cut and puncture-resistant gloves are recommended for dealing with broken lamps.

<u>Hygienic Practices</u>: After handling broken lamps, wash thoroughly before eating, smoking or handling tobacco products, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities.

Storage Instructions: Store in well-ventilated place.

VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold Value Limits (TLV):

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Exposure Limits in Air (mg/cubic m)	
		ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)
Hydrogen Bromide	10035-10-6	10.0	Ceiling 10.0
-		~	
Tungsten	7440-33-7	(Insoluble compounds)	5.0
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	10	15
Glass (Alkaline Earth		10 (¹)	15 (¹)
Aluminosilicate)			
Quartz, Fused	60676-86-0	0.1 Resp. Dust	0.1
Aluminum	7429-90-5	10.0	10.0
Copper (as dust)	7440-50-8	1.0	1.0
Glass (Alkaline Earth		$10.0(^{1})$ 15.0(¹) Ceramic	10.0 (¹) 15.0
Borosilicate)		(Steatite or Porcelain)	(1)

⁽¹⁾ Limits as nuisance particulate.

<u>Personal Protective Equiment:</u> OSHA specified cut and puncture-resistant gloves are recommended for dealing with broken lamps.

Eye Protection: OSHA specified safety glasses, goggles or face shield are recommended if lamps are being broken.

<u>Skin Protection:</u> After handling broken lamps, wash hands and face thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or handling tobacco products, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities.

<u>Respitory Protection</u>: Use appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne dust concentrations exceed the pertinent PEL or TLV limits. All appropriate requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.134 should be met.

VIV. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

NOT APPLICABLE FOR LAMPS

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

THERE ARE NO KNOWN HEALTH HAZARDS FROM EXPOSURE TO LAMPS THAT ARE

INTACT. No adverse effects are expected from occasional exposure to broken lamps. As a matter of good practice, avoid prolonged or frequent exposure to broken lamps unless there is adequate ventilation. The major hazard from broken lamps is the possibility of sustaining glass cuts.

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If lamps are broken, ventilate area where breakage occurred. Clean-up by vacuuming or other method that avoids dust generation. Take usual precautions for collection of broken glass. Place materials in closed containers to avoid generating dust.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to ensure proper classification and disposal of waste products. To that end, TCLP tests should be conducted on all waste products, including this one, to determine the ultimate disposition in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Lamps that pass the EPA's TCLP test are considered non-hazardous waste in most states. Always review your local and state regulations which can vary. Based upon the NEMA* Standard LL 4 (Procedures for Incandescent Lamp Sample Preparation and the TCLP) testing protocol, these lamps pass the TCLP test.

*NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) standard may be obtained from NEMA, 1300 North 17th Street, Suite 900, Arlington, VA 22209.

XVI. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

XVII. REGULATORY INFORMATION

RoHS:

All SYLVANIA and OSRAM lamps listed above meet the EC directive Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS II) Directive 2011/65/EU for mercury and lead.

Although LEDVANCE, LLC attempts to provide current and accurate information herein, it makes no

representations regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information and assumes no liability for any loss, damage or injury of any kind which may result from, or arise out of, the use of/or reliance on the information by any person.

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